Coast. Every day the United States is realizing the importance of its possessions on the Pacific, and of the overland mail, which is latterly making good time between St. Louis and California. The San Juan difficulty, now receiving the special attention of General Scorr, is one that is of more than ordinary importance to the United States. The British and Russian territory adjoining ours should belong to us. In our opinion, strong as the interests of the country may demand the purchase and annexation of Cuba to the United States, it is of greater consequence that we should retain on the Pacific what we have, and secure the territory to which England and Russia have legal claims.

HUMBOLDT had a high opinion of the value of the banks of the Columbia for the residence of a civilized people. Senator Banton spoke of it as valuable, both as a country to be inhabited, and as a position to be held and defended-first as a position commanding the North Pacific Ocean, and overlooking the Eastern coast of Asia. The North Pacific is a rich sea, and is already the seat of a great commerce; British, French, American, Russian and ships of other nations frequent it.

Our whaling ships cover it, our ships of war go there to protect our interest, and great as that interest now is, it is only the beginning Futurity will develop an immense and various commerce on that sea, of which the far greater part will be American.

It was further the opinion of the Missouri Senator that the Farther-West is to be the future seat of population and power; where man is to appear in all the moral, intellectual, and physical endowments which ennoble the mountain race: and where liberty, independence, and love of virtue are to make their last stand on earth. The sea which washes its shores is every way a better sea than the Atlantic; richer in its whales and other fisheries; in the fur regions which inclose it to the North; more fortunate in the tranquility of its character; in its freedom from storms, gulf streams, and icebergs; in its perfect adaptation to steam navigation; in its intermediate and half-way islands, and its myriads of its islands on its further side.

As a people to trade with, as a sca to navigate, the Mongolian race of Eastern Asia, and the North Pacific Ocean, are far preferable to the European and the Atlantic. Pray, Mr. HOLT, don't let it be recorded of a Western P. M. General, that he discontinued the overland route mail.

What is She Driving At!

on Goethe said: "I respect the man who knows distinctly what he wishes. The greater part of all the mischief in the world arises rom the fact that men do not sufficiently understand their own sims." South Carolina has an aim in the direction of secession, but certainly does not sufficiently understand her own wishes. We know that a distrust pervades the minds of good men of the South. that the North is unfaithful or indifferent to their obligations. This is a very great mistake. A truly national and conservative feeling is a distinguishing characteristic of the non-slaveholding States. They are frank in the expression of their preference for freedom. It is true, some indiscret persons overstop the bounds of temperance and prudence, saying and doing unfraternal, unpatriotic things. A few insanely-enthusiastic men carried arms into a slave State and violated her laws; but for this they were duly punished. There is no justifiable argument to be offered for South Carolina to resort to a revolutionary remedy. She certainly does not know what she is driving at. Her advisers are as insane as was JOHN BROWN.

Our unity of government constitutes us one people. Let us then, in the language of the Father of his Country, discountenance whatever may suggest even a suspicion that it can, in any event, be abandoned. Let us properly estimate the immense value of our National Union to our collective and individual happiness; let us cherish a cordial, habitual, and immovable attachment to it; accustoming ourselves to think and speak of it, as a palladium of our political safety and prosperity, watching for its preservation, with jealous anxiety. Let us then indignantly frown upon the first dawning of this attempt to allenate any portion of our country from the rest, or to enfeeble the sacred ties which now link together the various parts.

THE BUGABOO CRY OF DISUNION.

Since writing the above we have read the disunion resolutions offered in the Legislature of South Carolina. We find them to be on the scare order-non-committal. They say if the North does so and so, then the South should do thus and thus; "that if the sympathy for the conduct of Brown is universal in the North, it would be dishonorable and dishonoring to South Carolina to continue united with a people whose social and moral tone would characterize them as a nation of pirates, savages, assasins, and traitors."

But a writer in the Charleston Mercury of a late date says: "The resolutions are intended for Northern rather than the Southern people; to rebuke and alarm the former, Col. PERRY. who offered the resolutions, does not despair of terryfying and controlling the people of the North by the National Democratic Party." If this be the object, Col. Panny knows

what he is driving at.

The News, with Comments.

An event of interest in the march of progress will be the opening of the Victoria Tubular Bridge, at Montreal, to passenger trains, on Monday next. A portion of the American Tract Society Depository, New York, has been barnt. Loss, \$70,000-insurance only \$8,000. At Charlestown, the people are excessively annoyed with nineteen military companies, and are to have six companies more to quarter upon them until after the execution of Brown's companions on Friday. In Maxico, Miramon, with Robles, threatens to march on

Vera Crus. There has been no vote taken in either branch of Congress at Washington, on pending resolutions. After speeches yesterday by Sickles, Clarke, McRae, Adrian, and others, without further vote for Speaker, the House adjourned. Why does not some Western man rise in his place and read the platforms adopted at No. 8, Carroll County, Ky., pronounce for the Great West and the Mississippi Valley, and announce with force and eloquence that no man in this erisis ought to be elected Speaker of the United States House of Representatives who does not believe with the Western farmers and planters, that our politics need immediate purification—that the leaders must knuckle down to the massesthat salted provisions and fat meat are the "rightful remedies" for the disease of the body

That corn, swine and beef are some, as well as sugar and cotton; that those in Kentucky jeans are as respectable as those in Customhouse broadcloth; that we must have navyyards, arsenals and armories on the banks of the Ohio and the Mississippi; that the boundaries of this country must be rounded out with Cubs, Canade, and the Russian possessions on the Pacific ennexed; and that we must send a Minister to France who wears his boots out-side of his overalls. The western man who does this will insure an organization of the House, and the cry of the West will supplant

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

XXXVIta CONGRESS-1st SESSION.

WASHINGTON, December 13. SENATE .- Mr. King, of N. Y., presented a petition from Daniel F. Tieman, Mayor of New York City, and one hundred and three others, favor-ing the passage of the Homestead Bill, and opposing a monopoly of the public lands. Mr. Mason's resolution, to appoint a committee to inquire into the Harper's Ferry insurrection, then

Mr. Mason's resolution, to appoint a committee to inquire into the Harper's Ferry insurrection, then came up.

Ar. Clay, of Ala, said he wished to know where we stood. Let there be no concealment. The Senators on the other side profess to respect the Constitutional rights of the South, and declare they will preserve and maintain thom.

If that declaration be sincers, and the Republican Party will keep their pledge, there is no cause for complaint; but the South has good reason to distrust these professions when the conduct of the Opposition Senators are so different.

One Senator treats the whole matter with a levity, which would be offensive if he did not always treat every subject in the same manner, and he will probably die like Rabelais, with a jest upon his lips, and ever wake to the responsibility of life and death until he is called to judgment.

Another ridicules, the cowardice, weakness and impotence of the South in suffering a handful of men to selze the arsenal at Harper's Ferry in the face of fifteen hundred inhabitants; another entertains newly-discovered opinions of Washington, Jefferson and other fathers and framors of the Declaration of independence and the Federal Constitution, disappreving of slavery; another endeavors to excite domestic dissention and discord within our own ranks at the South by appealing to the non-slaveholders to come to the support of the Republican party, professing to vindicate their rights and rescue them from the curse of slavery; thus sirving to scatter the dragon's teeth over the plains of the South, in the hope that there will spring my armed men. Uthers would frighten us with flerce and brave words, threatening us with coercion to submit to their antherity, no matter how unconstitutional and oppressive.

Wendell Phillips had said, speaking of the foray in Virginis, that it was the natural result of anti-slavery teachings, and for one he expected it.

Mr. Clay admired his courage and candor. It was the truth; others had predicted the same things. He then quoted the remaks of Republicans showing their hostile dealings toward the South. Governor Chase has said that he hated slaveholding and slaveholders, and his collesgue here had said sutstantially the same thing.

their hostile dealings toward the South, Governor Chase has said that he hated slaveholding and slaveholders, and his colleague here had said substantially the same thing.

HOUSE—The question being on the motion of Mr. Hickman, of Penn., to amend Friday's journal by inserting that he had offered a resolution to adopt the plurality rule on the vote for the Speakership.

Mr. Sickles, of N. Y., said he would not trespass on the time of the House, did he not deem it an imporative duty to protest against much that had been said on this floor in the course of the discussion as to the sentiments of the North. The gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Hickman) had avowed that the irrepressible conflict is not in the future, but is a fact and is present in this hall. Mr. Sickles said the North millions of hearts devoted not only to the Union, but to the Constitution, on which it resus, and they would never relinquish their allegiance to it, or be unmindful of the duty of performing the obligations with which that allegiance is inseperably connected, and without which their love for the Constitution. He said Mr. Hickman's view of the Northern sentiment is as unfounded in point of fact as the charges he makes in the name of the Northern sentiment is as unfounded in point of fact as the charges he makes in the name of the Northern sentiment is as unfounded in point of fact as the charges he makes in the name of the Northern sentiment is as unfounded in point of fact as the charges he makes in the name of the Northern sentiment is as unfounded in point of fact as the charges he makes in the name of the Northern sentiment is as unfounded in point of fact as the charges he makes in the name of the Northern sentiment is as unfounded in point of fact as the charges he makes in the name of the Northern sentiment with the produce of the Northern capital the proceed of the Constitution, and kindred subjects, to show that there and been no violation of the adoption of the Constitution was a concession to freedom on the part of the North

ones.

The considered we were in the presence of the most serious danger that ever menaced the Confederacy, and therefore, as a faithful sentinel, it was his duty to admonish the North, and be believed that with a full knowledge of the facts they would give a patriotic response.

He alluded to the few demonstrations made in New York to sympathize with doctrines professed and practiced by John Brown, and denied that the religious sentiment of the people tolerated or countenanced them. He did not believe there were any communities in the North which would permit assemblages within their borders with the view to proclaim their purposes to carry invasion and death to the firesides of any portion of this country. As a citizen of New York, he would say that that State would be faithful to its past history, faithful to the period of 1800, when it gave its deciding vote to Jefferson for President, when it laid the foundations deep as the mountains of the Democratic Party. At the conclusion of his remarks, Mr. Sickels was appleaded.

Mr. Adrain said, the recentarticle in the Constitu-

the conclusion of his remarks, Mr. Sickels was applauded.

Air. Adrain said, the recent article in the Constitution in which his name was offensively mencioned was properly rebuked by Messrs. Haskin and Hickman. He asked Democrats whether that paper is their organ as well as of Mr. Buchanan, whom he held responsible for its utterance. If it speaks the sentiments of the Democrats here, and while an appeal was made to him to raily to the support of Mr. Becket, how could be, while charged by that paper with bribery, assist in electing their candidate for Speaker? It would be a disgrace to which he would never submit. During the discussion of the Lecompton Quantitution he was approached with a show of corruption, and told if he would vite for the Lecompton Constitution he could get a foreign appointment. A leading member of this House came to him, whispering his ear, that it was all settled in the Cabinet and he could receive the appointment of a near friend, He declined the profier and continued to restate to the last attempt to force on the people a constitution against their will.

Mr. Glarke, of N. Y., said he had reason to believe that it would have been acceptable to Judge Douglas If the latter's friends, such as himself and Mr. Adrian, had gone into the Democratic cancus. [Applasse.]

Mr. Adrian said if he had gone into the caucus the

Advances and the had gone into the caucus the freuit would have been the same as his friend Mr. Clarke knew it would have been, acceptable to Mr. Douglas. If he and others had gone into the caucus, why did not Mr. Clarke go into it himself? [Laugh-

why did not Mr. Clarke go into it himself? [Laughter.]
Al. Clarke replied that at the proper time he would give his reason, which would be acceptable.
In conclusion Mr. Adrain expressed the belief that none of his constituents approve John Brown's conduct, and every Northern man who goes into Southern States to interfere with its rights, he hoped they would serve him just as they did Brown [Applause.] But the people of the Southern States must mind their business and keep their bands off the rights and institutions of other States.

As to the Whion, in the language of Jackson, "It must and shall be preserved." [Applause.]
Mr. McRae asked Mr. Adrain whether, if the Charleston Convention shall adopt the Chielmati Platform, he would support the nomines.

Mr. Adrain said he would not, nor would his constituents, unless the platform was interpreted to declare that the people of a territory, like that of a State, have the right to decide the question of slavery for themselves.

Mr. Stellas analyzed the votes which had been

for themselves, analyzed the votes which had been taken to show that the responsibility to elect a Speaker rested on the Southern Opposition and Anti-Lecomptonites.

Speaker reased on the countern Oppearant Lecomptonities.

Mr. Etheridge suggested whether if 35 or 46 votes could be polled for Mr. Gilmer, the Democrate would join their forces in his support. He said Bouthern members could have no objections to Mr. Gilmer, who holds a hundred slaves.

Mr. McRonaeked whether it was fair 55 or 90 mon abould go over to 23. Had it been shown that Mr. Gilmer could get 30 votes, why did not the gentleman units his 2 withithe Democrats, putting the respon-sibility on the Anti-Lecomptenites to determine the

result.

Mr. Ethridge said they could test the fact. When it could be shown that Mr. Bocock can receive so yours it would then be no difficult task to show hew he could be elected. Some of the Lemocrate, however, refused to yote for mr. Bocock and injured his Description.

ever, remard to vote for air, becock and injured his Democracy.

Mr. Brabson said he could not vote for a Republi-can, nor could be vote for a man who indorsed the position of Douglas, as the latter's doctrine was wholly subversive of Southern rights. He wished to ask Mr. Bocock whether he indorsed the views of Douglas, btewart and Pugh, that a Territory can ex-clude shavery therefrom by unfriendly legic lation. He would never support any man holding such opin-ions.

Mr. McBae replied that Mr. Bocock had not posses-tion of the floor and could not get to answer. [Laugh-

Mr. McRae replied that Mr. Boccck had not possession of the floor and could not get to answer. [Laughter.]
Mr. Clarke, of New York, said he would never vote for any person for bepeaker who was not hostile to legislation by Congress for protecting slave property in forritories; who was not thoroughly inimical to the abrogation of the law against the African slave trade, and who must not be a man who would deem the election of a Republican sufficient cause to attempt a dissolution of the Union. He would not say that Becock did not stand on his platform.

Mr. McRae replied that the Democratic party did not make the re-opening of the slave trade a question.

Mr. Clarke was glad to hear it.
Mr. McRae said that as far as he, was individually concerned he was in favor of it, and would at a foture time give his reasons. Buch was not the position of the Democratic party in Mississippi, or any other Southern State.

Mr. Clarke further explained his position. He said he would support Douglas much sconer without than with a platform.

Mr. McRae—Would you support the nominee of the Charleston Convention on the Cincinnsti Platform?

Mr. Clarke replied that he would support Douglas.

form?
Mr. Clarke replied that he would support Douglas,
Mr. Mr. Clarke resumed his remarks, causing much
god humor. He was frequently interrupted by gentlemen who wished either to define their positions or
obtain political light. Without concluding, Mr.
McRae gave way to a motion to adjourn, which prevailed.

Charlestown.

Charlestown, December 13.—Extensive preparations are making for the approaching executions. Nineteen companies of military are now on duty, and a guard is stationed at every street corner and cross-roads. Picket guards are patrolling the surrounding country. Six nore companies are announced to be on their way here. Citizens find difficulty in passing from one part of the town to the other; are brought to a halt and marched to the guard-house if unable to give the countersign.

Green and Copeland will be hung at eleven elock in the morning, and took and Copple at three elock in the afternoon. All are composed, and they look calmly on their approaching doom.

Their bedies will be given to their friends if claimed.

The town is quiet; there are no more rumors and no exclement.

Military discipline is kept up as if the town was encompassed by a beseiging army. The people are looking forward to their exemption from military surrelliance with great pleasure.

When the civil government is restored there will be quite a jubilee.

The people would willingly consent to Stephens and Hazilit spending the balance of their days in the ponitentiary, rather than to have another military seige.

Later from Mexico.

New Orlkans, December 13.—The steamship Teanessee, with Vera Ornz dates to the 5th inst., arrived hpre to-day. Minister McLean was still on board the Brocklyn. Fuente had left the Junez Cabinet, and Ocampo resumes the portfolio of foreign affairs.

Gen. Miramon was at Guadalajara with Marquez Degailado had evacuated San Luis Potosi, which had been occupied by Gen. Woll. Cabos was in possession of the Isthmus of Tehnautepec, and had selzed a large quantity of arms. The Tehnautepec steamer Suchel has been lost off Alvarado.

GHARLESTON, S. C., December 13.—The steamer Isabel, from Havana on the 10th inst., brings Vera Cruz advices to the 8th. The reported victories of Miramon are confirmed. It was probable that Miramon would make an immediate attack on Vera Cruz. Miramon and Roble's forces had combined, and their success was considered probable, in consequence of treason among the Junez party.

River News.

Pittshukg, December 13—M.—River seven and a-half feet by the pier-mark, and falling slowly.

Weather cloudy and milder, indicating snow.

Louisville, December 13—P. M.—River falling rapidly, with ten feet steamboat water on the falls.

PITTSBURG, December 13-P. M.-River unchanged sincu noon. Weather clear and pleasant. No departures. Arrived—Orb from Memphis. The mercury stood at 29 at 6 P. M. Sr. Louis, December 13—P. M.—River stationery at this point, and the channel is clear of ice. Nothing new from any of the upper streams. Weather clear and much colder to-night.

From Indianapolis.

Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, December 13.—At a meeting of the Republicans held in this city has night, it was manimously resolved that the member of the National Republican Committee from Indiana be requested to use his utmost exertions to secure the holding of the Nominating Convention at this place, and that the Republicans of this city assure their friends throughout the Union that the capacities of our hotels and the hospitality of our citizens are ample for the accommodation of the delegates and all the attendants. Great enthusiasm charaterized the meeting.

NEW YORK, December 13.—The repository and building of the American Tract Society, No. 6 Sprace street, were damaged by fire and water this morning. Loss estimated at \$77,000, insured for \$5,000. The original tract house escaped injury. The business of the Society will be retarded only a few days in consequence of the fire.

From Montreal. MONTERAL, December 13.—There is much ice in the viver, and the trips of the ferry beats have been stopped for the season. Freight trains are now crossing the Victoria bridge, and the passenger trains will commence running over on Monday next.

The Fire at Harrodsburg. LEXINGTON, KY., December 13 — It was the Chapel of the College and not the College, that was burnt at Harrodsburg on Saturday night last, There was an insurance of \$1,000.

BOOK NOTICE.

THE QUEEN OF HEARTS. By Wilkie Collins, author of "The Dead Scret," "After Dark," &c. New York: Harper & Brothers. Cincinnati: Rob't Clarke & Co. 1859. Clarke & Co. 1559.

Here are gathered numerous palatable stories, well rritten, with an invigorating tone, and in a racy tyle. There is a true John Bull stamins in their

MARRIED STUBERS—MAGONEGIL—On Monday, December 12, at the residence of Mrs. James Devob, by the Rev. J. J. White. Mr. Wm. B. Stubers to Miss Mary L. Magonegii, all of Cincinnati.

DIED.

MEADE.—On Sunday, the 11th inst., Mrs. Minerva L., wile of Dr. Edward Meade, aged 39 years.

Wa LKER.—On Monday, December 12, at 20 minutes past 4 o'clock, Mrs. Hetty Walker, aged 79 years and 29 days.

Her funeral will take place on Thursday morning, December 15, at 10 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 3 Harrison-street, east of Broadway. The friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice. friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

PALMER.—On Saturday, Dec. 10, at 12 c'clock M., in Newport, Ky., Annie Kate, infant daughter of George F. and Sarah F. Falmer, aged 3 months and 21 days.

GROSSHAN—On Monday, the 12th inst., Jacob Grossman, aged 58 years.

The funeral services will take place at his late residence, in the Seventeenth Ward, on Wednesday, 14th inst., at 12 o'clock.

FOR THE CHEAPEST HATS, CAPS & FURS In the city, go to Hendley's, delobw No. 262 Fifth-street, near Western-row.

RICHARDSON SHIRT MANUFACTURER.

FOR A GOOD FIT CALL AT

NO. 100 WEST FOURTH-STREET.

BETWEEN VINE AND RACE.

WINTER UNDERCLOTHING Gloves and Hosiery.

A FULL ASSORTMENT FOR Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

-AT-RICHARDSON'S. 100 WEST FOURTH-ST., BETWEEN VINE AND RACE,

Opera-Glasses, Stereoscopic Views and Pancy Goods for Christmas Presents, at RICHARDSON'S.

MO. 100 WEST FOURTH-STREET, BETWEEN

HOME INTEREST.

A. A. Eyster, Clocks, Watches

USE Hown's Count CAMPY-For sale y John D. Park, corner of Fourth and Walnut.

For Christmas Presents go to Albert es's, south-west corner of Eighth-street and West-

Daguerrean Gallery, south-west corner of Sixth and Western-row, over Hannaford's drug-store. Pictures taken and ut in good cases r twenty cents. Warranted to please.

street, are prepared to furnish fashionable Clothing, suitable for the holidays. Call soon and leave your

HAVE YOU SEEN IT?-We mean the ow style of Picture taken on Glass by Carpenter, at No. 20 West Fifth-street? The Diaphanotype is very ifalike and must become nonular.

Strangers and eltizens requiring gifts Traveling Cases.

Dressing Cases, Traveling Bags, Rich Dress Hair-pins, Bich and Beautiful Fans,

Shell Comba, Blegant Pocket Knives, Carved Pearl Card-cases, Carved Pearl Porte-monnaics,

Furnished Portfolios Steel Bracelets, Buckles and Slides, Stereoscopes and Views, Ladies' Bags and Porte-monnaics, Ladies' Work-boxes.

Opera-klasses. Bich and Elegant Garters, Beautiful Cabas, Beautiful Fans,

Ladies' Dressing Cases, Ladies' Writing Desks Purses, Scissors, Razors, Shawl Pins, Brooche Bracelets, Perfumery, Rouge, Parisian Pearl Drops, Tollet Powder, Hair Dye, Hair Olls, Brushes, Combs Soaps, &c., should visit
JOHN D. PARX'S Bazuar of Fancy,

N. E. corner of Fourth and Walnut-streets.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The One-seam Cap.—A very neat, new style, for Youths and Young Men. DODD & CO., Hatters and Furriers, 144 Main-street.

Our Moleskin Silk Hat—For style and quality, as a genteel Dress Hat, can beat in the world.

DODD & CO., Hatters and Furriers, 144 Main-street.

THE SEAMLESS CAP.

Another involce to-day by Express,

PROF. M. P. GADDIS WILL
deliver one of his stirring Temperance
Lectures at McKandree Chapel, (Seventeenth Ward,)
or THURSDAY EVENING NEXT. Dec. 15, at 7%
o clock. The public are cordially invited. Silver Soap for Cleaning Plated

and Silver Tea Sets. Cake Baskets, Cas-tors, Spoons and Forks, is sold at HUNTI xGTON'S, No. 119 Main-street. delta Don't Buy any Plated Ware without calling at HUNTINGTON'S, No. 119 Main-street, and looking at their new Tea Sets, Castors, Cake Baskets, &c. They sell articles which are sure to satisfy the purchaser, at low prices. del

Orrice Little Miant Balthoad Co., Clincinnati, Nov. 29, 1859.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of this Company will be beid at the office of the Company, in the city of Clincinnati, on TUESDAY, 77th December, inst., for the purpose of electing twelve Directors to serve the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented. The polls will be opened at 10 o'clock A. M. and close at 2 P. M. By order of the Fresident.

By order of the President.

de8tt D. G. A. DAVENPORT, Tressurer.

OFFICE OF THE ONIO AND MISSISSIPPI R. R. Co., \

NOTICE.—FOR THE CONVENIENCE of shippers, the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company have established an Office at No. 46 Public Landing, where through rates can be obtained at all times on freights for St. Louis or points beyond.

T. LOUGH, deram General Freight Agent. Phrenological and Physiognomical

EXAMINATIONS, WITH CHARTS AND DE-SCRIPTIONS of Character, indicating the Occupation or Profession in life in which each per-son may best succeed and be most useful and happy, by Dr. C. BHAESA, No. 105 Fourth-sirest, [no8fmf]

OFFICE OF THE PASSENGEBRAILBOAD
COMPANY OF CHOCKNATI, S.W. corner of Third
and Base-streets, October
15, 1839.—This road is now open. Cars will start,
at intervals of ten minutes, from 5:30 A. M. until midnight, running eastward on Third-street
from Wood to Lawrence-street, and westward on
Fourth-street to Smith, and on Fifth-street to
Wood. Citizens will please bear in mind that the
cars will invariably cross intersecting streets before
stopping for passengers.
oci3-ti JAMES J. BOBBINS, President.

MERCHANTS FROM THE COUNTRY who visit Cincinnati should not tail to purchase a few dozen Firankiin Almanac and Diary for 1870 is meeting with an enormous sale. For sale, by the single copy or by the dozen, by B. F. SANFORD, at his publication office, up stairs, N. E. corner of Fourth and Wainnt-streets. Price, single copy, 23 cents; \$2 16 per dozen.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DIS-COVERY is acknowledged by the most emneat physicians, and by the most careful druggiest inroughout the United States, to be the most offectual blood-purifier ever known, and to have relieved more suffering, and effected more permanent cares, than any proparation known to the profession. Scrofuls, Sait Rheum, Erysipelas, Scald-head, scaly eruptions of whatsoever nature, are cured by a few better, and the system restored to full strength and tager. Full and explicit directions for the cure of ulcerated sore legs, and other corrupt and running ulcers, is given in the pamphlet with each bottle. For sale by JOHAD. PARK, SUIHE, EOKSTEIN & CO., and GEORGE M. DIXON. Price 51.

- ITHAS BEEN DISCOVERED AT LAST .- The article that cures almost without fail every species of eruptions of the face hands, or other parts of the body. Is your face disfigured with pimples or an irritating eruption of any kind; have you contracted that most troublesome disease, Barber's Itch; are you troubled with Tetter on the hands, or elsewhere; have you any annoying, irritating, itching, inflamed eruption of any kind; go at once and obtain a pamphlet describing the effects of Palmer's Lotion, and giving an amount of evidence in its favor, that will put to rest all doubts of its efficacy in the cure of all kinds of cutaneous diseases. After becoming satisfied that the Lotion is no humbug, procure a bottle and use it, and you will be satisfied that the half has not been said in its favor that might be.

Price 50 cents, or six bottles for \$2 50. SOLON PALMER, Agent, No. 35 West Fourth-street

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Choice Table Butter. RECEIVED BY EXPRESS—Ten bris. and thirty tube choice Table Butter. For sale by

JOSEPH G. NOURSE. Commission Butter Merchant, No. 166 West Fourth-street. G ROCERIES, &c.-Choice Staple and ROUERIES, &c.—Choice Simple and Fancy Groceries, Foreign Fruits and Nuts, Dried Apples and Pisches, Provisions, Country Produce, with every article usually kept in a first-class Grocery. Families supplied in quantities to suit, at the lowest market rates. Goods delivered to city customers promptly. No charge for cariage.

AARON A. COLFER, Mos. 319 and 321 Main-street.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR.—150 bris.

sale. AARON A. COLTER,
delt Nos. 319 and 321 Main-atreet.

WILLIAM DISNEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Chase Buildings Ro. 6 East Third-

NEW ADVICETISEN (ENTS.

GREAT SACRIFICE

JEWELRY.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

OF THE STOCK OF

J. R. GARDINER.

NO. 154 MAIN-STREET. (SECOND DOOR ABOVE FOURTH-STREET,)

Sale Every Night, -UNTIL TRE-

ENTIRE STOCK IS CLOSED OUT.

D. K. Cady, Jr.,

GRAY, HEMINGRAY & BRO'S Manufactory, Sovington, Ky.

WAREHOUSE, - - CINCINNATI, O. No. 20 East Columbia-street.

MANUFACTURE AND SUPPLY THE trade at the most reasonable prices and on the most accommodating terms with GLASSWARE!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. LANTERNS LAMPS

For Oil, Fluid or Coal Oil. AND THE COAL OIL DEODORIZED. N. B.—Jones's Improved Harners for sale by our agent, J. EELLERS, Covington, Ky. deltay

OPENED THIS DAY: The Cheapest Silks of the Season

Look at the Prices. 5,200 yards good Silk at 62%c. 5,800 yards good Silk at 75e. 6,100 vards good Silk at \$1. 8,000 better qualities.

These Goods were bought for net cash, and are the

JOHN A. SMITH, No. 22 West Fifth-street. WARRANTED PURE DEODORIZED

COAL OIL.

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We beg leave to call attention to a new article inveloped the control of the con

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Having refitted their Store, have filled it with the most extensive assortment of Fine Gold and Silver Watches, SILVER WARE, FINE JEWELRY

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